

State of South Carolina

Office of the Comptroller General

1200 Senate Street 305 Wade Hampton Office Building Columbia, South Carolina 29201

Telephone: (803) 734-2121 Fax: (803) 734-1765 E-Mail: cgoffice@cg.sc.gov

WILLIAM E. GUNN CHIEF OF STAFF

RICHARD ECKSTROM, CPA COMPTROLLER GENERAL

<u>NEWS RELEASE</u>

August 12, 2021

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

S.C. ends fiscal year with unprecedented \$1.024 billion surplus

Comptroller warns of ticking time bomb in state pension plans

The S.C. Comptroller's Office closed the books today on state government's fiscal year that ended June 30, 2021 (FY2021) with a \$1.024 billion General Fund surplus. The state's General Fund spent \$8.4 billion in FY2021, the majority of which was underwritten by income tax and sales tax collections. FY 2021's General Fund spending declined 2.7% (or \$0.235 billion) compared to amounts spent in FY2020, while FY2021's General Fund revenues topped FY2020 revenues by 13.9% (or \$1.280 billion).

Most of the \$1.280 billion increase in General Fund revenues resulted from increases of 16.4% (or \$0.539 billion) in sales and use tax receipts, 8.6% (or \$0.384 billion) in individual income tax receipts, and 66.3% (or \$0.248 billion) in corporate income tax receipts.

Actual revenue collections for the year were dramatically higher than revenue projections that were used at the beginning of the year. As a result, near the end of the year budget writers crafted a \$1.427 billion supplemental spending bill by using emerging surplus revenues and available funds from other sources. The bill authorized more than \$1.2 billion in "wish list" spending for state agencies, colleges, and universities, and it earmarked the remainder to be distributed to numerous nonprofit and community-based organizations throughout the state.

The General Assembly possesses the sole authority to make budgeting decisions for S.C. state government. Normally those decisions relate to annual requests each state agency makes to

the General Assembly for funds to cover the agency's recurring operating budget. This budgeting process spans a four to five month period during which budget requests are presented and defended by agencies, extensively discussed and debated by legislative budget committees, and ultimately approved after additional debate in the two chambers of the General Assembly where any remaining differences between the House version of the budget and the Senate version are reconciled. This process produces the state's recurring annual operating budget.

The state's annual operating budget, which authorizes spending, is enacted into law prior to the beginning of a new fiscal year, which means that the budget must be based on best estimates of revenues the state expects to receive during an upcoming year. Typically these estimates are close to what the state collects. If they're too high, it can necessitate painful and difficult-to-absorb midyear budget cuts, which is why so much debate centers around the annual operating budget. On the other hand, if actual revenue collections exceed estimated revenue collections used as the basis for the operating budget, the General Assembly has "extra money" that it often tends to spend with very little, if any, discussion or debate.

FY2021 was unique in the history of state government. It was certainly unique because of the great uncertainty created by COVID-19. Yet it was also unique because the year produced such enormous levels of surplus revenue, which resulted from the state's actual revenue collections far exceeding the revenue projections used for the FY2021 budget.

As a result of growing surplus projections that became more predictable as the year progressed, the General Assembly passed the aforementioned \$1.427 billion supplemental spending bill. As previously noted, this massive supplemental spending package included funding for discretionary "wish list" projects and "earmarks" for organizations outside state government. Yet in lieu of "wish list" spending, this would have been an ideal year to begin dealing with both the growing \$29 billion deficit in the state's five retirement plans and the \$18 billion deficit in the state's retiree health insurance plan, although these deficits were not addressed. While public employees have already earned the retirement benefits promised through these plans, the plans are collectively underfunded by \$47 billion.

This represents \$47 billion of debt, which the state continues to ignore while the debt incessantly grows. "It's a ticking time bomb and a financial train wreck happening in slow motion," says Comptroller General Richard Eckstrom.

Other states have recently begun to confront deficits in their retirement plans. For example, the state of Kentucky is making <u>special cash contributions</u> into the KY Teachers' Retirement System that have amounted to \$529 million in FY2017, \$1.6 billion in FY2018, \$1.05 billion in FY2019, and another \$1.05 billion in FY2020. While the states of Tennessee and Idaho are

facing plan deficits much smaller than ours, both of them have recently increased employer contributions to reduce their plans' deficits.

This would have been a very logical year to have committed a significant portion of our surplus revenues to start paying off our \$47 billion deficit. Possibly part of this liability can be passed along to local governments and other nonprofit entities whose employees participate in the state's plans. "But the fix will cost money," Eckstrom states, "and the longer the state delays the fix the larger the deficit will become because it's growing by the year."

"A starting point would be to earmark all, or at least a significant portion, of the available \$1.024 billion of year end General Fund surplus, which I'm announcing today, to make <u>special</u> contributions into SCRS (which includes teachers and other public employees) and PORS (which includes law enforcement officials and firefighters). In addition to this unobligated surplus, there is currently \$0.524 billion in the Contingency Reserve Fund that could be earmarked to apply against the state's retirement benefit deficits. These would be transparent earmarks that ought to endure close public scrutiny" said Eckstrom.

(For questions contact CGO Chief of Staff, Eddie Gunn, at 803-734-2121)

End

State of South Carolina

BUDGETARY GENERAL FUND HIGHLIGHTS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

Budgetary surplus:	
Actual revenue over estimated revenue (a)	\$ 1,536,893,541
Unappropriated estimated General Fund revenue	172,205,949
FY 20-21 Debt Service lapse to General Fund per FY 21-22 Proviso 118.18	125,239,577
FY 20-21 appropriations lapsed by agencies to General Fund at June 30, 2021	1,897,269
Funding of "open-ended" appropriations	(1,481,702)
FY 20-21 supplemental appropriation for Election Commission per Act 135, Continuing Resolution, Part I, §1(B)	(5,000,000)
Increase in General Reserve funding per Act 135, Continuing Resolution, Part I, §1(B)	(34,024,350)
Available to fund supplemental appropriations per Proviso 118.18	1,795,730,284
FY 21-22 transfers from other sources to fund supplemental appropriations per Proviso 118.18:	
Contingency Reserve Fund	456,758,634
CARES Act Reimbursements	65,000,000
Litigation Recovery Account	20,480,045
FY 21-22 Excess Debt Service above projected expenditures	112,895,790
	655,134,469
Total available for distribution	2,450,864,753
Distribution of surplus and transfers:	
FY 21-22 supplemental appropriations per Proviso 118.18 ^(b)	(1,427,087,494)
Undesignated/Unreserved Budgetary General Fund balance at June 30, 2021 ^(c)	\$ 1,023,777,259

⁽a) Board of Economic Advisors May 8, 2020 estimated revenue for FY 20-21.
(b) Supplemental appropriations to be released by September 30, 2021.
(c) Amount is available to be transferred to the Contingency Reserve Fund as of July 1, 2021.

Changes in Budgetary Fund Balance Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

	General Reserve	Capital Reserve	Contingency Reserve	Agency Carryforward of Appropriations	Unreserved/ Undesignated	Total
Revenues	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 10,459,721,541	\$ 10,459,721,541
Expenditures	_	_	_	_	(8,397,984,066)	(8,397,984,066)
Transfer to General Reserve per Continuing Resolution	34,024,350	_	_	_	(34,024,350)	_
Transfer to Capital Reserve per Joint Resolution	_	176,095,044	_	_	(176,095,044)	_
Transfer to Contingency Reserve			671,514,950 (251,152,407)		(671,514,950) —	— (251,152,407)
Appropriations: Brought forward from last year ^a Carried forward to next year ^b				(623,543,992) 679,431,789	623,543,992 (679,431,789)	
Net fiscal year changes	34,024,350	176,095,044	420,362,543	55,887,797	1,124,215,334	1,810,585,068
Fund balance–June 30, 2020	406,213,261		103,451,091	623,543,992	671,514,950	1,804,723,294
Fund balance–June 30, 2021	\$ 440,237,611	\$ 176,095,044	\$ 523,813,634	\$ 679,431,789	\$ 1,795,730,284	\$ 3,615,308,362

a These represent current year expenditures that did not require current year appropriations.

b These represent current year appropriations that will not be expended until next year.

Revenue Analysis

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

	Estimated Revenue	Actual Revenue	Actual Over (Under) Estimated Revenue
Individual Income Tax	\$ 4,125,011,000	\$ 4,838,375,543	\$ 713,364,543
Sales and Use Tax	3,399,926,000	3,825,920,335	425,994,335
Corporation Income Tax	329,060,000	622,721,114	293,661,114
Insurance Tax	288,995,000	293,235,485	4,240,485
Corporation License Tax	107,154,000	148,136,873	40,982,873
Documentary (Deed Stamp) Tax	91,050,000	118,902,924	27,852,924
Beer and Wine Tax	113,728,000	116,859,053	3,131,053
Alcoholic Liquors Tax	91,948,000	101,569,635	9,621,635
Earned on Investments	75,000,000	72,623,590	(2,376,410)
Bank Tax	87,190,000	69,828,425	(17,361,575)
Other Source Revenues	11,931,000	37,383,714	25,452,714
Admissions Tax	34,354,000	29,531,233	(4,822,767)
Security Dealer Fees	28,100,000	29,188,874	1,088,874
Tobacco Tax	28,657,000	28,786,137	129,137
Indirect Cost Recoveries	15,500,000	23,269,863	7,769,863
Public Service Authority Assessment	17,700,000	17,135,000	(565,000)
Unclaimed Property Fund Transfers	15,000,000	15,000,000	_
Business Filing Fees	8,200,000	12,763,604	4,563,604
Workers' Compensation Insurance Tax	8,828,000	12,516,852	3,688,852
Motor Vehicle Licenses	12,890,000	12,128,159	(761,841)
Private Rail Car Lines Tax	6,787,000	6,673,116	(113,884)
Circuit and Family Court Fines	6,217,000	5,366,354	(850,646)
Record Search Fees	4,461,000	4,461,000	_
Parole and Probation Supervision Fees	3,393,000	3,392,808	(192)
Nursing Home Fees	3,600,000	3,355,741	(244,259)
Purchasing Card Rebates	3,497,000	3,088,613	(408,387)
Uncashed Checks	1,000,000	3,064,334	2,064,334
Aircraft Tax	2,500,000	2,877,150	377,150
Savings and Loan Tax	1,038,000	1,147,447	109,447
Bingo Tax	113,000	418,565	305,565
Total	\$ 8,922,828,000	\$ 10,459,721,541	\$ 1,536,893,541

Appropriations and Expenditures

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

			Disposition of Adjusted Authorizations		izations
	Appropriations Per Continuing Resolution ^a	Adjusted Authorizations ^b	Actual Expenditures	Appropriations Carried Forward to 2022	Lapsed
Education	\$ 3,334,394,114	\$ 3,410,937,689	\$ 3,315,425,752	\$ 95,511,937	\$ —
Health and Human Services	1,416,223,137	1,449,226,176	1,339,119,490	110,106,686	_
Higher Education	798,477,083	854,027,507	843,474,813	10,552,694	_
Corrections		483,989,044	438,425,555	45,563,489	_
Disabilities and Special Needs		275,840,259	275,840,259	_	_
Aid to Local Governments		276,593,567	275,778,265	815,302	_
Mental Health	256,881,419	257,106,583	257,106,583	07.454.700	_
Social Services Health and Environmental Control	203,759,127	237,292,175	210,140,439	27,151,736 19,913,129	_
Juvenile Justice		159,265,128 128,101,510	139,351,999 115,870,807	12,230,703	_
Public Employee Benefits Authority		112,368,739	112,284,161	12,230,703	84,578
Public Safety	98.705.783	108,861,120	99,702,393	9,158,727	O4,570 —
Motor Vehicles	91,348,386	109,166,505	85.288.109	23,878,396	_
Judicial Department	70,008,010	82,849,235	69,956,596	12,892,639	_
Debt Service		71,390,721	62,219,661	9,171,060	_
Department of Administration		70,353,596	58,448,181	11,905,415	_
State Law Enforcement Division		60,868,023	55,973,998	4,894,025	_
Revenue		55,156,998	54,199,341	957,657	_
Commerce		125,742,431	52,777,869	72,964,562	_
Parks, Recreation and Tourism		63,937,009	51,854,276	12,082,733	_
Probation, Parole, and Pardon	45,917,062	49,183,449	47,460,891	1,722,558	_
Natural Resources	-,- ,	45,202,355	39,882,713	5,319,642	_
Commission on Indigent Defense		33,465,957	30,718,388	2,747,569	_
Prosecution Coordination Commission		29,788,997	29,114,743	674,254	_
Stand-alone Schools		34,050,690	28,960,786	4,836,476	253,428
Rural Infrastructure Authority		39,207,430	23,785,780	15,421,650	_
House of Representatives		46,034,699	23,238,936	22,795,763	_
Forestry Commission		24,175,024	22,001,526	2,173,498	_
Vocational Rehabilitation	17,058,843	19,384,778	17,071,943	2,312,835	_
Senate	15,149,409	20,449,877	17,043,813	3,406,064	_
Election Commission	6,627,413	16,856,604	16,227,475	629,129	_
State Library	15,416,200	15,485,653	15,456,349	29,304	_
Attorney General	14,633,341	15,947,114	14,842,547	1,104,567	_
Legislative Support Agencies	13,150,246	20,202,043	13,963,920	6,238,123	_
Adjutant General	10,816,564	56,608,905	13,881,825	42,412,732	314,348
Agriculture	14,081,288	19,457,666	13,498,121	5,848,196	111,349
Department on Aging	18,846,272	31,573,405	13,010,463	17,908,835	654,107
Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services	11,983,171	17,529,825	12,146,976	5,382,849	_
Children's Advocacy	7,982,182	10,727,974	8,381,308	2,346,666	_
Law Enforcement Training Council	8,708,307	8,980,301	8,233,527	746,774	_
SC Conservation Bank	9,070,134	9,177,577	7,772,151	1,405,426	_
Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office	5,214,709	6,481,260	5,379,735	1,101,525	_
State Auditor's Office	4,753,588	5,228,947	4,540,269	475,359	213,319
Insurance	4,529,109	4,529,109	4,529,109	_	_
Museum Commission	3,942,954	7,231,466	4,230,271	3,001,195	_
Governor's Office	4,291,089	4,622,890	4,190,034	415,386	17,470
Arts Commission		4,378,044	4,183,381	194,663	_
Commission for Blind		4,402,138	4,001,063	401,075	_
Archives and History		4,329,419	3,422,478	871,319	35,622
Administrative Law Court		3,421,400	3,145,763	275,637	_
Human Affairs Commission		2,891,459	2,640,921	250,538	_
Veteran's Affairs		4,258,359	2,607,911	1,650,448	_
Workers' Compensation Commission	2,578,439	4,514,110	2,570,993	1,943,117	
Comptroller General		2,816,299	2,494,782	256,027	65,490
Aeronautics	2,123,250	2,312,067	2,126,896	185,171	_
State Treasurer	2,112,016	2,112,016	2,112,016		_
State Fiscal Accountability Authority		1,870,234	1,827,946	42,288	_
Educational Television Commission		1,738,759	1,738,759		_
Consumer Affairs	1,689,148	1,873,692	1,732,213	141,479	_
Patriot's Point		1,700,000	1,700,000		_
Labor, Licensing and Regulation	1,482,653	1,514,210	1,494,193	20,017	
State Ethics Commission		1,668,970	1,423,111	151,725	94,134
Commission for Minority Affairs		1,579,551	1,383,635	148,065	47,851
Secretary of State	1,246,839	1,246,839	1,246,839	454.003	_
Confederate Relic Room and Military Museum	,	1,109,707	955,345	154,362	_
Sea Grant Consortium	755,722	831,294	787,538	43,756	_
Employment and Workforce	504,659	1,152,769	785,339	367,430	_
Ports Authority		6,875,000	400,000	6,475,000	
Procurement Review Panel	,	192,187	168,724	17,890	5,573
Transportation	57,270	5,837,122	162,773	5,674,349	_
Statewide Employee Benefits		29,469	29,469		
Total	\$ 8,574,527,007	\$ 9,079,313,124	\$ 8,397,984,066	\$ 679,431,789	\$ 1,897,269

^a The Appropriations per Continuing Resolution column of \$8,574,527,007 does not include Capital Reserve appropriations of \$176,095,044.

b Adjusted Authorizations are \$504,786,117 higher than the Appropriations per CR. Items that contribute to this difference include prior year carryforwrads, current year supplemental appropriations, lapses per proviso, open-ended appropriations, governor vetoes and other budget adjustments.

Appropriations Carried Forward to FY21–22

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

	Total Carried	Special Carry-	General Carry-
	Forward	Forwards	Forwards ^b
Health and Human Services	\$ 110,106,686	\$ 110,106,686	\$ —
Education	95,511,937	91,045,759	4,466,178
Commerce	72,964,562	71,638,660	1,325,902
Corrections	45,563,489		45,563,489
Adjutant General	42,412,732	41,721,024	691,708
Office of Regulatory Staff	29,960,168	29,960,168	40 400 400
Social Services	27,151,736	16,691,610	10,460,126
Motor Vehicles	23,878,396	23,878,396	_
House of RepresentativesHealth and Environmental Control	22,795,763	22,795,763	0 202 405
Department on Aging	19,913,129 17,908,835	11,519,644 17,804,675	8,393,485 104,160
Rural Infrastructure Authority	15,421,650	15,421,650	104,100
Judicial Department	12,892,639	12,892,639	_
Juvenile Justice	12,230,703	2,648,666	9,582,037
Parks, Recreation and Tourism	12,082,733	9,789,049	2,293,684
Department of Administration	11,905,415	7,680,671	4,224,744
Higher Education	10,552,694	2,621,230	7,931,464
Debt Service	9,171,060		9,171,060
Public Safety	9,158,727	840,482	8,318,245
Ports Authority	6,475,000	6,475,000	
_egislative Support Agencies	6,238,123	6,238,123	_
Agriculture	5,848,196	4,818,037	1,030,159
Fransportation	5,674,349	5,674,347	2
Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services	5,382,849	5,382,849	_
Natural Resources	5,319,642	3,169,254	2,150,388
State Law Enforcement Division	4,894,025	479,580	4,414,445
Stand-alone Schools	4,836,476	2,552,983	2,283,493
Senate	3,406,064	3,406,064	_
Museum Commission	3,001,195	2,982,577	18,618
Commission on Indigent Defense	2,747,569	2,700,369	47,200
Children's Advocacy	2,346,666	2,100,988	245,678
Vocational Rehabilitation	2,312,835	612,835	1,700,000
Forestry Commission	2,173,498	4 005 004	2,173,498
Workers' Compensation Commission	1,943,117	1,695,084	248,033
Probation, Parole and PardonVeteran's Affairs	1,722,558	32,864	1,689,694
SC Conservation Bank	1,650,448 1,405,426	1,614,528	35,920 149,342
Attorney General	1,104,567	1,256,084 853,939	250,628
Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office	1,101,525	767,400	334,125
Revenue	957,657	707, 400	957,657
Archives and History	871,319	573,637	297,682
Aid to Local Governments	815,302	_	815,302
_aw Enforcement Training Council	746,774	_	746,774
Prosecution Coordination Commission	674,254	_	674,254
Election Commission	629,129	397,754	231,375
State Auditor's Office	475,359	· —	475,359
Governor's Office	415,386	_	415,386
Commission for Blind	401,075	30,000	371,075
Employment and Workforce	367,430	317,189	50,241
Administrative Law Court	275,637	_	275,637
Comptroller General	256,027	_	256,027
Human Affairs Commission	250,538	59,609	190,929
Arts Commission	194,663	_	194,663
Aeronautics	185,171	_	185,171
Confederate Relic Room and Military Museum	154,362	78,593	75,769
Commission for Minority Affairs	151,725	_	151,725
State Ethics Commission	148,065		148,065
Consumer Affairs	141,479	41,748	99,731
Sea Grant Consortium	43,756	_	43,756
State Fiscal Accountability Authority	42,288	_	42,288
State Library	29,304	40.504	29,304
Labor, Licensing and Regulation Procurement Review Panel	20,017 17,890	10,524 —	9,493 17,890
Total	\$ 679,431,789	\$ 543,378,731	\$ 136,053,058

a Provisos contained within Part 1B of the annual Appropriations Act allow certain agencies to carry forward specific appropriation balances.

b Proviso 117.23 of the FY21-22 Appropriations Act allows agencies to carry forward up to ten percent of original appropriations reduced by special carryforwards (as defined).

Open-Ended Appropriations

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

Description	Amount
Aid to Fire Districts - to cover formula funding shortfall	\$1,028,000
Adjutant General's Office - activation of personnel in response to emergencies, as authorized by proviso 100.16	424,230
State Accident Fund - to cover actual benefit claims paid during FY2020-21 for workers' compensation claims initiated prior to 7/1/1985, as authorized by § 42-7-75	29,472
Total Open-Ended Appropriations	\$1,481,702

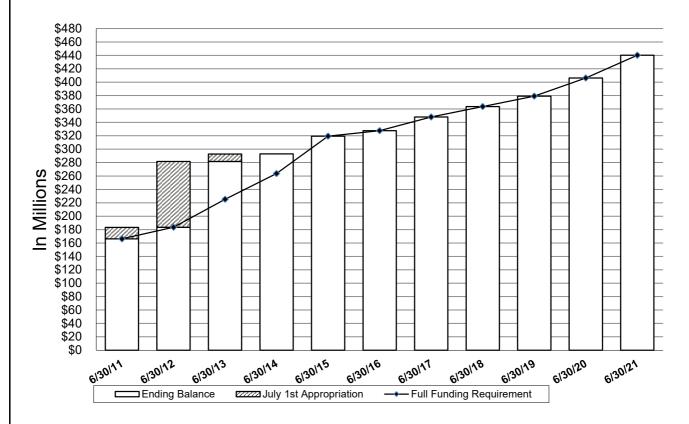
Note:

[&]quot;Open-ended" appropriations result either from Legislative commitments to fund certain budgetary items without providing sufficient appropriations to fully fund them or to cover an agency's budgetary deficit provided that it is approved by State Fiscal Accountability Authority action. The State uses year-end budgetary surpluses to fund these appropriation shortfalls.

General Reserve

Fiscal Years Ended June 30 (Unaudited)

Year	Beginning Balance	Net Additions (Reductions)	Ending Balance ^a	Full Funding Requirement ^a	Over (Under) Funded	July 1st Appropriation ^a
2011	\$ 110,883,455	\$ 55,441,728	\$ 166,325,183	\$ 166,325,183	\$ —	\$ 17,141,169
2012	166,325,183	17,141,169	183,466,352	183,466,352	_	98,175,036
2013	183,466,352	98,175,036	281,641,388	225,313,110	56,328,278	11,248,376
2014	281,641,388	11,248,376	292,889,764	263,600,787	29,288,977	_
2015	292,889,764	26,589,048	319,478,812	319,478,812	_	_
2016	319,478,812	8,140,680	327,619,492	327,619,492	_	_
2017	327,619,492	20,399,981	348,019,473	348,019,473	_	_
2018	348,019,473	15,532,616	363,552,089	363,552,089	_	_
2019	363,552,089	15,571,394	379,123,483	379,123,483	_	_
2020	379,123,483	27,089,778	406,213,261	406,213,261	_	_
2021	406,213,261	34,024,350	440,237,611	440,237,611	_	_

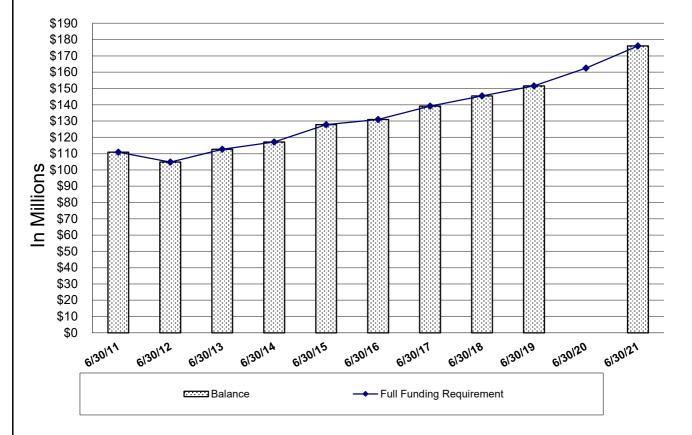


^a Ending balances in the table do not reflect payments made on July 1 of any succeeding year as a result of appropriations to the General Reserve Fund (GRF). The graph shows balances in the GRF that include these July 1 appropriations (cross-checked portion of columns). Beginning in FY11-12, the constitutional full funding requirement of the GRF increased in .5% annual increments from 3% of the prior year's General Fund revenues to 5%.

Capital Reserve Fiscal Years Ended June 30

(Unaudited)

Year	Beginning Balance	Appropriation	Lapsed to General Fund ^b	Transfers to Agencies	Ending Balance	Full Funding Requirement ^a
2011	\$ —	\$ 110,883,455	\$ <u> </u>	\$ —	\$ 110,883,455	\$ 110,883,445
2012	110,883,455	104,837,915	_	(110,883,455)	104,837,915	104,837,915
2013	104,837,915	112,656,555	_	(104,837,915)	112,656,555	112,656,555
2014	112,656,555	117,155,905	_	(112,656,555)	117,155,905	117,155,905
2015	117,155,905	127,789,918	_	(117,155,905)	127,789,918	127,791,528
2016	127,789,918	131,047,797	_	(127,789,918)	131,047,797	131,047,797
2017	131,047,797	139,207,789	_	(131,047,794)	139,207,792	139,207,789
2018	139,207,792	145,420,836	_	(139,207,785)	145,420,843	145,420,836
2019	145,420,843	151,649,393	_	(145,420,843)	151,649,393	151,649,393
2020	151,649,393	162,485,305	(162,485,305)	(151,649,393)	_	162,485,305
2021	_	176,095,044	_	_	176,095,044	176,095,044



Full funding requirement is 2% of previous year's General Fund revenues.

As per §11-11-320, any monies not appropriated at the end of the year must lapse to the General Fund.

Contingency Reserve Fiscal Years Ended June 30

(Unaudited)

Beginning balance at	June 30, 2020		\$ 103,451,091
	Authority	Description	
Transfers In July 1, 2020	§11-11-320	FY 2019-20 Surplus	671,514,950
Transfers out			
February 24, 2021	Act 2 §1(A) #1	To appropriate for DHEC for costs incurred in responding to the state's health crisis as a result of COVID-19.	(63,000,000)
February 24, 2021	Act 2 §1(A) #2	To appropriate for MUSC for costs incurred in responding to the state's health crisis as a result of COVID-19.	(45,000,000)
February 24, 2021	Act 2 §2(B)	To appropriate for the Department of Administration for the establishment of a COVID-19 Vaccine Reserve Fund.	(100,000,000)
April 13, 2021	Act 8 §1	To appropriate for the Department of Education for a funding shortfall for the South Carolina Public Charter School District.	(9,000,000)
May 14, 2021	Act 3 §1(A)	To appropriate for the Department of Education for teacher step increases for the 2020-2021 school year.	(34,152,407)
Ending Balance at J	une 30, 2021		\$ 523,813,634

Note: Undesignated/Unreserved Budgetary General Fund balance of \$1,023,777,259 at June 30, 2021 is available to be transferred to the Contingency Reserve Fund as of July 1, 2021